

BY TELEGRAPH.
FOR THE JOURNAL.

NORTHERN MONEY MARKET.—REPORTS FROM KENTUCKY, &c., PROBABLY BOGUA.
Richmond, Va., July 23d, 1862.
In New York on the 18th, gold advanced to 115½, but finally closed at 11½. Bills on London rose to 131½, last quote

to 1304 to 131. Stocks generally lower. Government stock have declined 2 per cent. since the 16th. Sixes registered for 18th are quoted at 98 to 99. Treasury Notes bear for 73-100 per cent. interest are quoted at 101 to 101½. Flour advanced 10 to 15 cents.

A telegram dated Cincinnati, the 18th inst., says Indianapolis dispatches to the Executive department says that Henderson, Kentucky, and Newburg, Ind., have been taken by the Rebels. At the latter place 2500 sick soldiers were taken prisoners. The Rebels also took 2000 slaves and arms. [We are inclined to believe the Cincinnati telegram

to be bogus, having been gotten up at the North for the purpose of encouraging volunteering, in order to avoid draft, if possible, to fill up the ranks of the Federal army. Journal.]

• SECOND DISPATCH.

RICHMOND, VA., July 23d, 1862.

Baltimore papers of the 22d have been received. The Avis has arriv'd with Liverpool dates to the 13th inst. The result of the fight ng before Richmond were treat-ed as severe reverse for the Unionist, by the English press. The Palmerston had stated in Parliament that the British troops

Canada would not be withdrawn. The Liverpool Post says that the new American tariff will be looked upon in Great Britain as a measure amounting almost to a declaration of war.

The Cotton market closed with an upward tendency. The excitement caused by a report of a movement on the part of Kentucky, continues at the North. He destroyed a large-se quantity of government stores at Lebanon.

FRENCH WAR STEAMER AT CHARLESTON.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 23d, 1861.

The French War Steamer Berendine, Capt. Le Cardine from Port Louis, arrived here yesterday.

to-day, and is now anchored off the Battery promenade. The object of her visit is unknown.

COL. FOREST AT WORK AGAIN.

MOBILE, Ala., July 24th, 1867.

A special dispatch to the Register and Advertiser, dated Cushman's 23d inst., says that Col. Forest entered Lebanon, 23 or 25 miles east of Nashville, on Saturday the 19th inst., capturing the Federal pickets, the enemy flying before him. Several State prisoners were also captured.

SPECIAL COURIER FROM MORGAN.

PETERSBURG, Va., July 25th, 1862.
The Express has a special dispatch from Knoxville, Tennessee, of Jack Morgan bearing a dispatch dated Georgetown, Ky., July 19th, in which he says that he has captured eleven cities and towns, with a heavy amount of army stores; and that he has a force sufficient to hold all the country outside of Lexington and Franklin, which places are chiefly garrisoned by the Home Guard. The bridges between Lexington and Cincinnati have been destroyed.

CAPTURE OF A FEDERAL MAIL STEAMER AND MAIL BAG—THE FEDERALISTS ADMIT THAT THEY CANNOT TAKE VICKSBURG, MS.

MOBILE, ALA., July 25th, 1862.

A special dispatch to the Advertiser and Register, dated Jackson, Miss., July 24th, states that Lieut. Col. Ferguson of Stark's Cavalry, with two companies and a field battery, captured and destroyed a Federal mail steamer Shipwreck, eight miles above Vicksburg.

Col. Ferguson succeeded in obtaining possession of

mail bag from the ship Richmond en route for Washington. Its contents are highly interesting. The Yankee letter admits the impossibility of capturing Vicksburg without an immense land force, and admit that the Arkansas whipped them.

They evince great horror of the Arkansas, and her appearance around the bend this morning was a signal for general "skedaddle." The bombarding continued slow to-day.

THE ARKANSAS WHIPS TWO YANKEE RAMS,
Vicksburg, Miss., Jan. 22, 1863

About half-past four o'clock this morning a two iron ram-
enged the Arkansas. An attempt to board her by the
bow resulted in a miserable failure. A shot through
one of the port holes killed and wounded six or seven men
of the Arkansas. The second ram, supposed to be the Monitor,
turned tail, and was badly crippled.

The weather is dreadfully hot.

GENERAL-IN-CHIEF OF THE YANKEE ARMY.
FEDERALS SKEDADDLING.
GREENADA, MISS., July 24, 1862.

Our Guerrillas took Henderson, Kentucky, on the 18th crossed the Ohio river into Indiana, and captured Newbern with 250 Federal prisoners.

Raymond the Racer.

It turns out that Raymond, of the New York "Times," did prove a bird of ill omen in McClelland's camp. He came just in time to report his last un-
derstandable experience at Brest and Bull Run. What a mas-

In the tactics of retreat must have become! He has been a spectator of and an actor in the scene of the grand stampede of modern times. If the little villain captures a capture, we shall look with interest for his final leader describing "the run."

Consider the Victories.

Since the last of May, Providence has blessed our arms with a series of most decided victories, at

Dury's Bluff.	Williamsburg.
Bachamville.	McDowell.
Strasburg.	Port Royal.
Winchester.	Cross Keys.

Port Republic. Seven miles.
 James Island. Six miles.
 Gates Mill. Five miles.
 Frazier's Farm. Five miles.
 Vicksburg. Five miles.
 Hutteresoro. Five miles.

THESE ABOLITION DOCUMENTS.—We stated in our last
 package a abolition document, dated under the
 name of James D. Longley, a member of the State
 and sent through by Stanley C. C. of the State.
 It was obtained by the command of our lords for the
 lot of Fami C. THE DOCUMENTS ARE NOW IN THE
 POSSESSION OF GOV. CLARK. At St. Journal.

A GOOSE STORY—A Confederate soldier on his way from Cumberland Gap through Lee's Va., a week ago, being hungry and feeling an appetite, fastened a fella to the end of a cord, and passing a house where he saw some geese, bailed back with a grain of corn and cast it among them. The owner had it dropped than one of the geese gobbled it down. As the soldier at the other end of the cord to see his bird, the goose, of course, with a start, came and followed him. The owner of the geese, supposing him to be a thief, called out, "What are you doing?"

The Policy of Lying.

In a late debate in the Yankee Senate Mr. Fessenden of Maine, warmly denounced the habit practiced by the government of "lying to deceive the people by calling a defeat a great strategic movement, and by giving false names to things."

Mr. Wilson of Massachusetts, in the same debate, heaved his conscience by the following confession, a

by an appropriate animal version. "It seems," said
"as if we had organized a system of lying in the
country."
These senators urge the observance of truth not
for his own sake, but for the true Yankee reason that
the contrary course "does not pay."

Richmond Enquirer.